Modern Slavery Statement 2025



A. Our Business and Supply Chain

BW Offshore engineers innovative floating production solutions and has a fleet of FPSOs with potential and ambition to grow. By leveraging four decades of offshore operations and project execution, BW Offshore creates tailored offshore energy solutions for evolving markets world-wide.

The BW Offshore team delivers with an engineering mindset when designing new FPSOs, preparing redeployments and exploring new opportunities, all while fostering a culture where people grow and thrive.

On 31 December 2024, BW Offshore had 1284 staff, inclusive of contract workers and employees, and is publicly listed on the Oslo stock exchange. We have offices, operations and legal entities world-wide, as described in our Annual Report.

BW Offshore has established compliance programmes to comply with applicable laws and regulations in the countries in which we operate. prevention slavery and employment practices form part of the Ethics and Business Conduct Compliance Programme which is administered by the Corporate Integrity function with mandate from (and regular review actions undertaken) by the CEO and the Board of Directors. The Ethics and Business Conduct Compliance Programme activities are centrally administered and apply to all BW Offshore personnel, representatives and legal entities. This Modern Slavery Statement covers policy, procedure, risk assessment, risk management and due diligence and ongoing goals and commitments for the BW Offshore group of companies.

B. BW Offshore policies relevant to modern slavery

BW Offshore is committed to compliant and ethical employment practices and supports the United Nations Universal Declaration of Human Rights and the standards advised by the International Labour Organisation. Slavery, forced labour, child labour, torture and other violations of human rights are totally unacceptable.

These principles are stated in the **BW Offshore Code of Ethics and Business Conduct,** which applies to all employees in BW Offshore and companies in which BW Offshore has a majority interest,

including joint ventures, and also to all BW Offshore Board members, officers, temporary employees and legal agents, consultants, intermediaries and others who act on behalf of BW Offshore.

BW Offshore has a **Human Rights and Decent Working Conditions Policy** that underpins the importance of protecting and respecting human rights and maintaining the highest employment standards.

Our personnel complete a mandatory e-learning module on modern slavery, which covers: our company commitment on human rights and ethical employment practices; risks in our industry and the countries where we work; and red flags within our supply chain and operations.



The 2024 completion rate for the modern slavery module was 94%.

Business partners and suppliers also must meet our ethics and compliance expectations, which are set forth in the **Supplier Code of Ethics and Business Conduct**:

- Suppliers may not use child labour or forced labour and must adhere to regulations prohibiting human trafficking and comply with all applicable laws in the countries in which they operate.
- Suppliers may not require recruitment fees or deposits or destroy, confiscate or conceal identity or immigration documents.
- Suppliers must provide an employment environment free from physical, psychological, and verbal harassment or abusive conduct.

- Employer-provided accommodation should be sanitary with clean running water, electricity, and communications and be accessible to transportation.
- Suppliers must pay agreed wages, which should be at a living wage rate, on time.
- Working hours may not be excessive or exceed local stipulated maximum working hours.
- Workers must have written employment agreements that set out conditions and rights in a language understandable to the worker, and workers must have access to an effective grievance mechanism.
- Suppliers must maintain a mechanism to receive employee feedback and address employee concerns and support freedom of association and collective bargaining.

In addition, suppliers receive **Ethical Employment Practice Guidelines**, and BW Offshore standard terms and conditions, which include our labour practice commitments and grant audit rights to BW Offshore.

BW Offshore personnel have access to several means, including a Speak Up Channel, to raise concerns, grievances or make reports that are outlined in the Expressions of Concern Policy. In 2024, BW Offshore received 47 combined concerns and questions through the Speak Up Channel. concerns Questions and are addressed appropriately, investigations conducted when needed, and remedial actions and/or discipline imposed when warranted. In 2024, BW Offshore received two reports alleging human rights or unethical working conditions; neither case was substantiated.

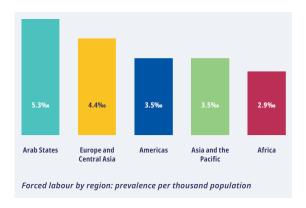
C. Potential risk of modern slavery or forced or child labour in our business and supply chain

BW Offshore has operations and corporate presence in Europe, Asia Pacific, the Middle East, West Africa and the Americas. We acknowledge that although our operations may be in locations with good worker protections, human rights risks can be present, and we remain vigilant to identify and mitigate them.

When assessing human rights risks, we consider geographical location, culture, regulatory framework and activities in which we and our supplier base engage.

Geographical risk

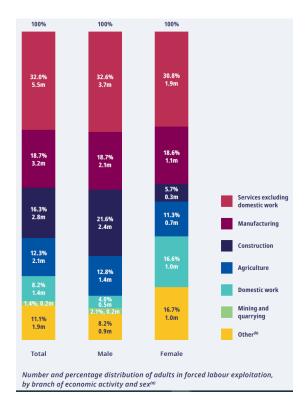
According to the 2022 (the most recent available) report Global Estimates of Modern Slavery: Forced Labour and Forced Marriage (GEMS report) produced by the International Labour Organization (ILO), Walk Free, and UN International Organization for Migration, the top four regions in which forced labour occurs (by percentage) are the Arab States, Europe and Central Asia, and (tied) the Americas and Asia/Pacific.



According to the **2019 Measurement Action** <u>Freedom</u> report (the most recent available) produced by the Minderoo Foundation and Walk Free, which assesses government progress toward achieving UN Sustainable Development Goal 8.7 (to eradicate forced labour, modern slavery, human trafficking, and child labour), the United Kingdom, United States, Australia, Norway, France, and the Netherlands are amongst the countries taking the most action to respond to modern slavery, and Brazil, Nigeria, and the United Arab Emirates are in the next tier of countries taking the most action. Of BW Offshore's operating locations, only Gabon is in the bottom three tiers of country responses to modern slavery. These findings suggest stronger local government efforts to support private initiatives that positively impact working conditions in many of the countries where we have a presence. On the other hand, Singapore is amongst the countries providing the weakest response relative to its wealth (as measured by Gross Domestic Product).

Activity risk

The GEMS report highlights that services (excluding domestic work), manufacturing, and construction account for more than 75% of forced labour exploitation by sector, with construction accounting for 16,3% alone.



BW Offshore is engaged in these top three sectors and is aware that activities in which migrant, less skilled, or contracted workers are involved present higher risk. These sectors can include FPSO construction or recycling, maintenance, catering and other related activities.

BW Offshore's Human Capital team is responsible for ethical employment practices in the hiring of our personnel. This team instructs, supervises and monitors employment practices, particularly of manning agents.

D. Risk Management and Due Diligence

Due diligence on third parties who work for BW Offshore is an essential part of our Ethics and Business Conduct Programme. Prospective suppliers must complete our vendor qualification process, which includes a questionnaire on

governance and ethical business practices, amongst other topics. Questionnaire responses together with other internal factors are used to rate a prospective supplier. The qualification process is risk-based and repeated regularly to reassess suppliers against our standards. We continue to refine and further systematise the due diligence process, which will facilitate our ability to focus remediation and mitigation efforts on the highest risk parties. In 2024, BW Offshore assessed 1572] suppliers and business partners.

Vendor qualification also includes identifying and mitigating potential or actual negative human rights impacts. Risk mitigation may include:

- Obtaining compliance certifications.
- Raising awareness of BW Offshore's programme or on relevant aspects of the law.
- Discussing specific risk areas to improve the third party's processes, controls, standards, etc.
- Performing reviews or audits, as necessary.

If a third party presents unmitigable risk, we will cease or not commence the relationship. To date, BW Offshore has not disqualified or terminated any supplier due to concerns of non-compliant or unethical labour practices.

In 2024, BW Offshore joined Building Responsibly to demonstrate its commitment to eliminating unethical employment practices in the built environment. Through its active participation and collective action, BW Offshore will develop best practices for risk assessment, due diligence, remediation, mitigation, and monitoring throughout its supply chain.

We will continue to monitor the effectiveness of our compliance with the UK Modern Slavery Act and the Australian Commonwealth Modern Slavery Act and to adjust our programme accordingly. This statement is made pursuant to Section 54 of the Modern Slavery Act 2015 (United Kingdom) and was approved by the Board of Directors of BW Offshore Limited on 28 May 2025. The statement covers companies listed in our Annual Report and specifically UK-registered entities: BW Offshore (UK) Limited; BW Offshore Catcher (UK) Limited and BW Pioneer (UK) Limited.

BW Offshore will prepare, if required, a statement in compliance with the Commonwealth Modern Slavery Act 2018 (Australia) after commencement of our operations in Australia.

Signed, on behalf of BW Offshore Limited by:

Andreas Sohmen-Pao, Chairman